ORGAN ESSENTIALS: MANUAL TECHNIQUE

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WHY IT'S IMPORTANT: PIANO VS. ORGAN TONE

PIANO TONE: As you know, the piano is a stringed instrument; the sound is produced by a hammer striking a string. The string sounds, and the sound begins to fade (decay) immediately after the attack.

ORGAN TONE: The organ is a pipe instrument, which means that sound is produced as air is pushed through pipes. "The volume of the tone is *constant* as long as the key is held down." The Result: Because the organ tone doesn't decay or decrease in sound, "the timing of the release is just as important as the attack." (Don Cook, *OrganTutor*, 2008, Intro 9 Suppl.)

BASIC MANUAL TECHNIQUE

HAND POSTURE: Curve the fingers. Keep the hand and wrist relaxed. There is no need to apply excessive pressure to the keys.

Attack and Release: Precise rhythmic attack and release are crucial. The *release* is just as important as the *attack*.

LEGATO: Essential to effective hymn playing.

INDEPENDENCE: Finger independence and independence of line (i.e. having the listener hear the individual soprano, alto, tenor, and bass parts)

IMPORTANT LISTENING SKILLS

Perfect Legato: One finger should keep a key depressed until the moment a new tone begins. Listen for a perfectly smooth connection.

PRECISE RELEASES: Listen for the timing of the release. Practice on a "silent" (no stops pulled) manual, listening for the clicks of the attacks and releases.

INDEPENDENCE OF LINE: When playing voices (lines) together, listen for a single line to sound the same as it does when played alone.

(Don Cook, OrganTutor, 2008, Intro 10 Suppl.)

FINGERING TECHNIQUE

The goal of fingering is to provide for the most efficient motion as possible. The following fingering techniques are listed in order of efficiency. (Don Cook, *OrganTutor*, 2008, Manual 44 Suppl.)

- DIRECT FINGERING
- REDISTRIBUTION OF THE INNER PART
- FINGER CROSSING
- FINGER GLISSANDO
- FINGER SUBSTITUTION
- THUMB GLISSANDO

The Six Legato Fingering Techniques for Organ

